

HC Agar Base Cat. 2001

Used with Tween 80 (Polysorbate 80) for the enumeration of molds in cosmetics.

#### Practical information

Aplications	Categories
Selective enumeration	Yeasts and molds

Industry: Cosmetics



### Principles and uses

HC Agar Base used Used with Tween 80 (Polysorbate 80) is used for the enumeration of molds in cosmetics. This medium was described by Mead and O'Neill in 1986. The formulation of HC Agar decreased incubation time to 3 days at 27,5±0,5 °C. The formulation of HC Agar Base is supplemented with Tween 80 (Polysorbate 80) to prepare HC Agar.

Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate providing carbon and energy. Yeast extract is source of vitamins, particularly the B-group essential for bacterial growth. Peptones provide nitrogen, vitamins, minerals and amino acids essential for growth. Magnesium sulphate is a magnesium ion required in a big variation of enzymatic reactions, including DNA replication. The phosphates buffer the pH near neutrality. Ammonium Chloride provides essential ions. Sodium carbonate inactivates low levels of preservatives that are active at at acidic pH. Chloramphenicol inhibits bacteria, including Pseudomonas aeruginosa and Serratia marcenses, potential contaminats of cosmetics products. Tween 80 (Polysorbate 80) is incorporated to neutralize phenols, hexachlorophene, formalin that may be present in residual amounts from products. Agar is the solidifying agent.

Formula in q/L

Dextrose	20	Ammonium chloride	1,4
Bacteriological agar	15	Casein peptone	2,5
Chloramphenicol	0,1	Disodium phosphate	3,5
Magnesium sulfate	0,06	Monopotassium phosphate	3,4
Peptone	2,5	Sodium carbonate	1
Yeast extract	5		·

### Preparation

Dissolve 54,4 grams of the medium in 1 liter of distilled water and add 20 ml of tween 80. Mix well and dissolve by heating with frequent agitation. Boil for one minute until complete dissolution. Sterilize in autoclave at 121 °C for 15 minutes. Cool to 50 °C and dispense into appropriate containers.

#### Instructions for use

- Inoculate and incubate at a temperature of 27,5±0,5 °C for 72 hours.

### Quality control

Solubility	Appareance	Color of the dehydrated medium	Color of the prepared medium	Final pH (25°C)
w/o rests	Fine powder	Beige	Amber, slightly opalescent	7,0±0,2

## Microbiological test

Incubation conditions: (27,5±0,5 °C / 72 h).

Microorganisms	Specification
Candida albicans ATCC 10231	Good growth
Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC 16404	Good growth
Bacillus subtilis ATCC 6633	Total inhibition
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 9027	Partial inhibition

## Storage

Temp. Min.:2 °C Temp. Max.:25 °C

# **Bibliography**

Hitchins, Tran and McCarron. 1995. In FDA bacteriological analytical manual, 8th ed. AOAC International, Gaithersburg, Md Mead and O'Neill. 1986. J. Soc. Cosmet. Chem. 37:49.

Wolfgang Siegert Comparison of microbial challenge testing methods for cosmetics Schülke & Mayr GmbH Special Additives International Robert-Koch Str. 2, 22851 Norderstedt, Germany.